

# Arkansas 2012

## Individual Income Tax

Forms and Instructions

### Full Year Resident Part Year Resident Nonresident



Governor Mike Beebe

#### Using e-file will allow you to:

- ◆ Join over 880,000 who e-filed last year.
- ◆ Get a confirmation proving you filed.
- ◆ Receive a refund in less than 10 days.
- ◆ Choose direct deposit option for faster refund and additional security.

#### Other E-Services available for all filers:

- ◆ Online refund inquiry 24/7 to avoid time consuming phone calls
- ◆ Pay tax by credit card
- ◆ See page 4 for details

#### Free File Alliance:

As a member of the "Free File Alliance", the State of Arkansas is able to offer certain taxpayers the opportunity to electronically file their return with no fee. If you meet certain criteria (including income, military service, or eligibility for federal Earned Income Tax Credit) you may be eligible for this program.

Go to [www.arkansas.gov/efile](http://www.arkansas.gov/efile) for details.

#### Tax Year 2013:

Since increasing numbers of taxpayers are electronically filing their tax returns and do not need booklets, beginning next year, to conserve paper and mailing costs individual income tax booklets will not be mailed.

#### **To obtain a booklet you may:**

1. Visit your county revenue office or
2. Visit your local library or
3. Call us at (501) 682-1100



#### For your questions/comments:

Manager, Individual Income Tax  
P. O. Box 3628  
Little Rock, AR 72203

# TAX HELP AND FORMS



## Internet

You can access the Department of Finance and Administration's website at **[www.arkansas.gov/dfa](http://www.arkansas.gov/dfa)**.

- Check the status of your refund
- Get current and prior year forms and instructions
- Access latest income tax info and archived news
- Get e-file information

You can e-mail questions to:

**[individual.income@dfa.arkansas.gov](mailto:individual.income@dfa.arkansas.gov)**



## Phone

Individual Income Tax Hotline..... (501) 682-1100  
or (800) 882-9275

Representatives are available to assist callers at the numbers above during normal business hours (Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.) with:

- Taxpayer Assistance
- Notices Received
- Forms
- Amended Returns
- Audit and Examination
- Payment Information

(For Hearing Impaired Access call (501) 682-4795 using a Text Telephone Device.)

Other Useful Phone Numbers:

Estimated Tax ..... (501) 682-1100  
Withholding Tax ..... (501) 682-7290  
Collections ..... (501) 682-5000  
Revenue Legal Counsel ..... (501) 682-7030  
Corporate Income Tax ..... (501) 682-4775  
Sales and Use Tax..... (501) 682-7924  
Office of Problem Resolution and... (501) 682-7751  
Tax Information Office (Offers In Compromise)

Internal Revenue Service ..... (800) 829-1040  
Social Security Administration ..... (800) 772-1213



## Forms

- Access our website at:  
**[www.arkansas.gov/incometax](http://www.arkansas.gov/incometax)**
- Call the Individual Income Tax Hotline  
(see "Phone" section above)
- Obtain at county revenue offices or local library

## ATAP

Arkansas Taxpayer Access Point (ATAP) allows taxpayers or their representatives to log on to a secure site and manage their account online.

You can access ATAP at **[www.atap.arkansas.gov](http://www.atap.arkansas.gov)** to:

- Make name and address changes
- View account letters
- Make payments
- Check refund status

(Registration is not required to make payments or to check refund status.)



## Mail

Choose the appropriate address below to mail your return:

### TAX DUE RETURN:

Arkansas State Income Tax  
P.O. Box 2144  
Little Rock, AR 72203-2144

### REFUND RETURN:

Arkansas State Income Tax  
P.O. Box 1000  
Little Rock, AR 72203-1000

### NO TAX DUE RETURN:

Arkansas State Income Tax  
P.O. Box 8026  
Little Rock, AR 72203-8026

Be sure to apply sufficient postage or your return will not be delivered by the U.S. Postal Service.



## Walk-In

Representatives are available to assist walk-in taxpayers with income tax questions, but are not available to prepare your return.

No appointment is necessary, but plan to arrive before 4:00 p.m. to allow sufficient time for assistance.

The Individual Income Tax Office is located in Room 2300, Ledbetter Building, at 1816 W. 7th Street in Little Rock.

Office hours are Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

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# ELECTRONIC FILING

[www.arkansas.gov/efile](http://www.arkansas.gov/efile)



- **E-file is hassle-free**—both your federal and Arkansas income tax returns are filed electronically in one transmission.
- **E-file is smart**—computer programs catch 98% of tax return errors.
- **E-file is worry-free**—receive acknowledgement within 2 to 3 business days if your return has been received and accepted.
- **E-file gets your money to you fast**—refunds are issued within 10 days after you receive state acknowledgement.



Arkansas participates in the Federal/State Electronic Filing Program for Individual Income Tax. The program is available to most full year residents and certain qualifying nonresidents and part year residents.

Since Arkansas is a member of the **“Free File Alliance,”** depending on the level of income, taxpayers may qualify to file returns for free. (Go to [www.arkansas.gov/efile](http://www.arkansas.gov/efile) for details.)



Over 150,000 taxpayers took advantage of online filing last year. The same advantages are obtained by online filing as by electronic filing, but it does not require a preparer. For a nominal fee your federal and state returns can be prepared and filed electronically.

## OTHER E-SERVICES

These services are available for all filers (**paper and electronic**).

### Available Now:

- Arkansas Taxpayer Access Point (ATAP)  
(See page 2 for more information)
- Refund Inquiry
- Pay by credit card  
(Vendor charges nominal fee)



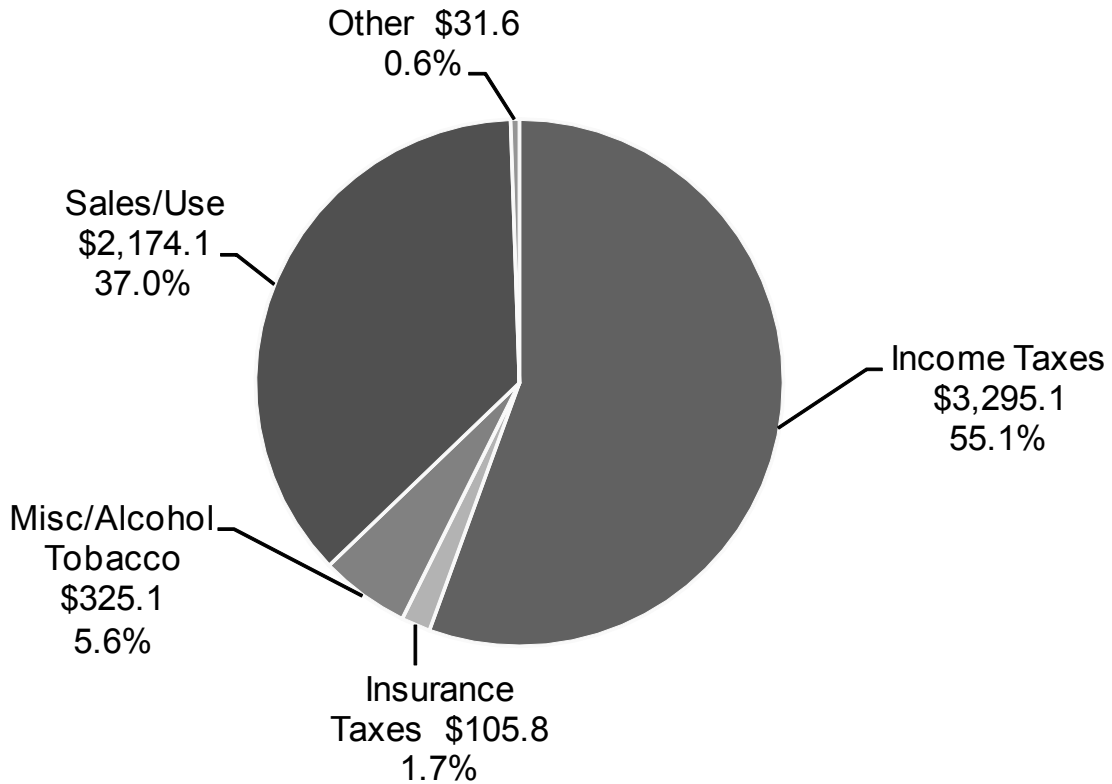
[www.officialpayments.com](http://www.officialpayments.com)  
or call (800) 272-9829

# FOR TAXPAYERS' INFORMATION

Individual and Corporation income taxes are the largest source of state general revenue.

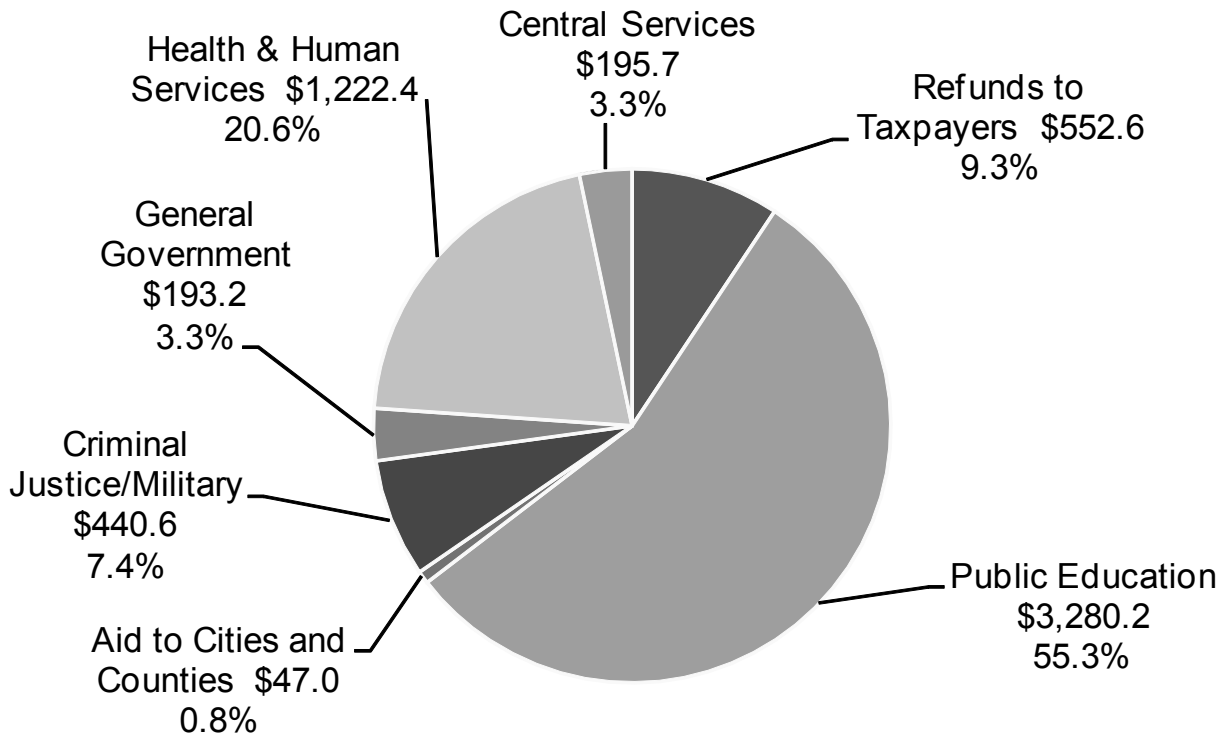
## \$5,931.7 MILLION GENERAL REVENUE TAX

### Where It Comes From:



## \$5,931.7 MILLION GENERAL REVENUE TAX

### Where It Is Spent:





# SPECIAL INFORMATION FOR 2012



## **EXPIRING FEDERAL TAX PROVISIONS MAY AFFECT YOUR 2012 ARKANSAS TAX RETURN**

Note: Certain federal tax provisions expired on December 31, 2011 which affects tax year 2012. Unless Congress extends the provisions for tax year 2012 **and** Arkansas adopts the changes, you will not be able to take advantage of certain tax benefits on your Arkansas tax return (including premiums paid for mortgage insurance and tax free distributions from an IRA for charitable purposes). For updates check our website at [www.arkansas.gov/dfa](http://www.arkansas.gov/dfa) and the IRS website at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov).

### **Amended Returns**

Beginning with tax year 2010, taxpayers amending their original returns should simply check the "AMENDED RETURN" box on Form AR1000F, AR1000NR, or AR1000S, and then complete the return using their corrected information. No separate amended return form is necessary. See page 12 for instructions. (For tax years 2009 and prior, amended forms are available at [www.arkansas.gov/incometax](http://www.arkansas.gov/incometax).)

### **Vouchers**

All payments must now be accompanied by an appropriate payment voucher, **including payments made with returns. Failure to send a voucher with a payment will cause delayed processing of the payment, which could result in a billing notice being sent.** See line 50C on Form AR1000F or AR1000NR and page 17 for instructions.

### **ATAP**

Arkansas Taxpayer Access Point (ATAP) allows taxpayers or their representatives to log on to a secure site and manage all of their tax accounts online. ATAP allows taxpayers to make name and address changes, view letters on their accounts, make payments and check refund status. (Registration with ATAP is not required to make payments or check refund status.) Go to [www.atap.arkansas.gov](http://www.atap.arkansas.gov) for more information.

### **Nonresident Apportionment Change**

For tax years 2010 and forward, the nonresident tax apportionment calculation must be carried to six places to the right of the decimal. **This applies to percentages less than and greater than 1%.** See line 36C on Form AR1000NR and page 16 for instructions.

### **Definition of Developmental Disability Expanded (Act 68 of 2011)**

This act adds spina bifida and Down syndrome as conditions that qualify for developmental disability services, including a \$500 individual income tax credit available to a taxpayer who supports an individual with a developmental disability. See Form AR1000RC5 for details.

### **Low Income Tax Relief Tables Added (Act 736 of 2011)**

This act expands the low income tax table to include certain taxpayers filing as Head of Household or Qualifying Widow or Widower. See Low Income Tax Tables on pages 26 and 27 to determine eligibility. Tables are updated annually for cost of living adjustments.

### **New Set Off Added (Act 815 of 2011)**

Authorizes a set off against an Arkansas income tax refund for a debt owed to the Arkansas Department of Health. Effective July 27, 2011.



# MILITARY PERSONNEL



## **Military Spouses Residency Relief Act**

Exempts a military spouse's income from Arkansas tax if the service member's Home of Record is not Arkansas and the spouse's domicile is the same as the service member's Home of Record. Effective January 1, 2009. Write the words "military spouse" at top of tax return and attach a completed Form AR-MS (available at [www.arkansas.gov/incometax](http://www.arkansas.gov/incometax)) and a copy of service member's LES to verify Home of Record. (For future tax purposes, the nonmilitary spouse must submit a new payroll withholding form, ARW-4MS to his/her employer each year to exempt future withholding.)

## **The Military Family Tax Relief Act of 2003 (Act 372 of 2009)**

This act adopts IRC 121, 134, and 162 as in effect on January 1, 2009. Provisions of this act include exclusion of gain on sale of principal residence, deduction of overnight travel expenses for National Guard and Reserve members, and exclusion from income of "qualified military benefits". (See **IRS Publication 3, Armed Forces' Tax Guide**, for more information.)

## **Treatment of Combat Pay Clarified (Act 29 of 2005)**

This act adopts Sections 112 and 692 of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on January 1, 2005 to clarify that combat zone compensation is exempt from Arkansas individual income tax and that the income of a member of the armed forces is exempt in the year of the person's death. This act applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005.

## **The Servicemembers Civil Relief Act**

**Deferral of Tax** - Upon notice to the Internal Revenue Service or the tax authority of a state or a political subdivision of a state, the collection of income tax on the income of a servicemember falling due before or during military service shall be deferred for a period not more than 180 days after termination of or release from military service, if a service member's ability to pay such income tax is materially affected by military service.

**Accrual of Interest or Penalty** - No interest or penalty shall accrue for the period of deferment by reason of nonpayment on any amount of tax deferred under this section.

**Statute of Limitations** - The running of a statute of limitations against the collection of tax deferred under this section, by seizure or otherwise, shall be suspended for the period of military service of the servicemember and for an additional period of 270 days thereafter.

**Residence or Domicile** - A servicemember shall neither lose nor acquire a residence or domicile for purposes of taxation with respect to the person, personal property, or income of the servicemember by reason of being absent or present in any tax jurisdiction of the United States solely in compliance with military orders.

**Military Service Compensation** - Compensation of a servicemember for military service shall not be deemed to be income for services performed or from sources within a tax jurisdiction of the United States if the servicemember is not a resident or domiciliary of the jurisdiction in which the servicemember is serving in compliance with military orders.

# RETIRED MILITARY PERSONNEL

## **Extension of Time for Veterans (Retirees) to File for Refund (Act 238 of 2009)**

This act extends the statute of limitations for a veteran to file a claim for refund of an overpayment that results from retroactive determination by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs that part or all of the uniformed service retirement payments to the taxpayer are payments made for a service-connected disability and are not included in gross income. Effective January 1, 2001.

### **Reminder:**

U.S. Military retirement **DOES NOT** qualify as U.S. Military compensation, and **IS NOT** eligible for the \$9,000 military exemption on Lines 9A or 9B. U.S. Military retirement is eligible for the \$6,000 retirement exemption and should be listed on Lines 17A and/or 17B.









# DEFINITIONS



## GROSS INCOME

Gross income is any and all income (before deductions) other than the kinds of income specifically described as exempt from tax on pages 11 and 12 "Exempt From Income Tax".

**Exception:** The \$6,000 **exemption on retirement** income and the \$9,000 **exemption on military income** as described on page 12 **are included in gross income.**

## DOMICILE

This is the place you intend to have as your permanent home and the place you intend to return to whenever you are away. You can have only one domicile. Your domicile does not change until you move to a new location which you intend to make your permanent home. If you move to a new location but intend to stay there only for a limited time (no matter how long), your domicile does not change. This also applies if you are working in a foreign country.

## FULL YEAR RESIDENT

You are a full year resident if you lived in Arkansas all of tax year 2012, or if you have maintained a domicile or Home of Record in Arkansas during the tax year.

## NONRESIDENT

You are a nonresident if you did not make your domicile in Arkansas.

## PART YEAR RESIDENT

You are a part year resident if you established a domicile in Arkansas or moved out of the state during calendar year 2012.

## MILITARY PERSONNEL

If Arkansas is your Home of Record (HOR) and you are stationed outside the State of Arkansas, you are still required to file an AR1000F reporting all of your income, including U.S. Military Compensation. If you are stationed in Arkansas and your Home of Record is another state, Arkansas does not tax your U.S. Military Compensation.

U.S. Military compensation includes wages received from the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, National Guard, Reserve Units, and the U.S. Public Health Service.

## DEPENDENTS

You may claim as a dependent any person who received over half of his or her support from you, earned less than \$3,800 in gross income, and was your:

|               |               |                |               |             |                 |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Child         | Stepchild     | Mother         | Father        | Grandparent | Brother         |
| Sister        | Grandchild    | Stepbrother    | Stepsister    | Stepmother  | Stepfather      |
| Mother-In-Law | Father-In-Law | Brother-In-Law | Sister-In-Law | Son-In-Law  | Daughter-In-Law |

Or, an individual (other than your spouse) who, for the taxable year of the taxpayer, had the same principal place of abode as the taxpayer and was a member of the taxpayer's household. Or, if related by blood: Uncle, Aunt, Nephew, Niece. The term "dependent" includes a foster child if the child had as his principal place of abode the home of the taxpayer and was a member of the taxpayer's household for the taxpayer's entire tax year.

The term "dependent" does not apply to anyone who is a citizen or subject of a foreign country **UNLESS** that person is a resident of **Mexico or Canada.**

**If your child/stepchild was under age 19** at the end of the year, the \$3,800 gross income limitation does not apply. Your child/stepchild may have earned any amount of income and still be your dependent if the other dependency requirements in this section were met.

**If your child/stepchild was a student under age 24** at the end of the calendar year, the \$3,800 gross income limitation does not apply. The other requirements in this section still must be met.

**To qualify as a student,** your child/stepchild must have been a full-time student for five (5) months during the calendar year at a qualified school, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service.

**If your dependent died** during the tax year, you may claim the full amount of tax credit for the dependent on your tax return regardless of when the death occurred during the year.

Arkansas has adopted Internal Revenue Code §151(c)(6) regarding the tax treatment of kidnapped children.



You may be able to save money on your taxes. Did any of the following apply to you in 2012?

- **You had a dependent with a disability**—See instructions on Page 13 for Line 7C on Form AR1000F/AR1000NR and Line 13 on Form AR1000ADJ.
- **You were an Arkansas resident and worked in another state**—See instructions for Line 2, Form AR1000TC.
- **You were married and both you and your spouse had income**—See “Married Couples—Choosing the Best Filing Status,” Page 12.
- **Your child was enrolled in an approved Early Childhood Education program**—See instructions for Line 41, Page 16.
- **You received military income**—See instructions for Lines 9A and 9B, Page 14. (For military retirement see Page 14.)
- **You received employer-sponsored retirement or a qualified traditional IRA**—See instructions for Lines 17A and 17B, Page 14.
- **You paid tuition for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent to attend a post-secondary institution**—See Form AR1075. (Form not available in booklet; see “Forms”, Page 2, for more information.)
- **You contributed to an Arkansas Tax Deferred Tuition Savings Program (529 Plan)**—See instructions for Line 2, AR1000ADJ.

# INSTRUCTIONS

**THESE INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR GUIDANCE ONLY AND DO NOT STATE THE COMPLETE LAW**

## WHO MUST FILE A TAX RETURN

| <b>FULL YEAR RESIDENTS (Use Form AR1000F)</b>      |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| If your <b>MARITAL STATUS</b> is:                  | and your <b>FILING STATUS</b> is:              | file if <b>GROSS INCOME*</b> is at least |
| Single (Including divorced and legally separated)  | Single   | \$11,222                                 |
|  | Head of Household with 1 or no dependents      | \$15,953                                 |
|  | Head of Household with 2 or more dependents    | \$19,017                                 |
| Married  | Married Filing Joint with 1 or no dependents   | \$18,923                                 |
|  | Married Filing Joint with 2 or more dependents | \$22,774                                 |
|  | Married Filing Separately                      | \$3,999                                  |
| Widowed in 2010 or 2011, and not remarried in 2012 | Qualifying Widow(er) with 1 or no dependents   | \$15,953                                 |
|  | Qualifying Widow(er) with 2 or more dependents | \$19,017                                 |

**\*Gross income is all income (before deductions) other than income specifically described as exempt on pages 11 and 12 "Exempt From Income Tax."**

**Exception:** The \$6,000 exemption on retirement income and the \$9,000 exemption on military income as described on page 12 are included in gross income.

If your gross income was less than the amount shown in the last column for your filing status, you are not required to file a return. **However, you must file a return to claim any refund due.**

| <b>NONRESIDENTS (Use Form AR1000NR)</b>   |
|---|
| Nonresidents who received any taxable income from Arkansas sources must file a return (regardless of marital status, filing status, or amount). |

| <b>PART YEAR RESIDENTS (Use Form AR1000NR)</b>  |
|---|
| Part year residents who received any taxable income while an Arkansas resident must file a return (regardless of marital status, filing status, or amount). |

### WHEN TO FILE

- You can file your calendar year original tax return any time after December 31, 2012, but **NO LATER THAN April 15, 2013**, (unless an extension has been granted).
- If you file a fiscal year tax return, your return is due **NO LATER THAN three and one-half (3 ½) months following the close of the income year.**

**NOTE: The date of the postmark stamped by the U.S. Postal Service is the date you filed your return.**

- If the due date of your return falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the return will be considered timely filed if it is postmarked on the next business day.
- Statute of Limitations – Refunds. An amended return or verified claim for refund of an overpayment of any state tax for which the taxpayer is required to file a return must be filed by the taxpayer within three (3) years from the

time the return was filed or two (2) years from the time the tax was paid, whichever is later.

### IF YOU NEED MORE TIME

If you request an extension of time to file your federal income tax return (by filing **federal Form 4868** with the IRS) you are entitled to receive the same extension on your Arkansas income tax return. The federal automatic extension extends the deadline to file until October 15<sup>th</sup>.

The Department no longer requires that a copy of **federal Form 4868** be attached to your state tax return. When your Arkansas return is complete and ready to file, simply check the box on the face of the return indicating you filed a federal extension.

If you do not file a federal extension, you can file an Arkansas extension using **Form AR1055** before the filing due date of April 15<sup>th</sup>. **Inability to pay is not a valid reason to request an Arkansas extension.** Send your request to:

Individual Income Tax Section  
ATTN: Extension  
P.O. Box 3628  
Little Rock, AR 72203-3628

**NOTE:** The maximum extension that will be granted to an individual on an **AR1055** is one hundred and eighty (180) days, extending the due date until October 15<sup>th</sup>.

When you file your return, check the box indicating you filed a state extension.

**NOTE: If the box on the front of your return is not checked, you will not receive credit for your federal or state extension.**

**Payments made on extension should be made on Form AR1000ES, Voucher 5.**

**See Page 17 for information on penalties and interest.**

### EXEMPT FROM INCOME TAX

**NOTE: List exempt income on AR4, Part III and include the total on AR1000F/AR1000NR, Line 51. (You do not need to list exclusion amounts from numbers 10-12.)**

- Money you received from a life insurance policy because of the death of the person who was insured** is exempt from tax.
 

**NOTE:** You must include as taxable income any interest payments made to you from the insurer (the insurance company that issued the policy).
- Money you received from life insurance, an endowment, or a private annuity contract for which you paid the premiums is allowed cost recovery** pursuant to Internal Revenue Code §72.
- Amounts you received as child support payments** are exempt from tax.
- Gifts, inheritances, bequests, or devises** are exempt from tax.
- Scholarships, grants, and fellowships are taxed pursuant to Internal Revenue Code §117. Stipends are taxed in their entirety.** For additional information on scholarships, fellowships, and stipends see instructions for Line 20 on Page 15.
- Interest you received from direct United States obligations, its possessions, the State of Arkansas, or any political subdivision of the State of Arkansas is exempt from tax.** Obligations include bonds and other evidence of debt issued pursuant to a government unit's borrowing power. (Interest received on tax refunds is not exempt income, because it did

not result from a debt issued by the United States, the State of Arkansas, or any political subdivision of the State of Arkansas.) Interest from government securities paid to individuals through a mutual fund is exempt from tax.

**Gambling winnings from Arkansas electronic games of skill are not included as income and the 3% withholding is excluded from Line 37. To determine if your gambling winnings are taxable, see instructions for Line 20.**

7. **Social Security benefits, VA benefits, Workers' Compensation, Unemployment Compensation, Railroad Retirement benefits and related supplemental benefits** are exempt from tax.
8. **The rental value of a home or the housing allowance paid to a duly ordained or licensed minister of a recognized church is exempt to the extent that it was used to rent or provide a home.** The rental value of a home furnished to a minister includes utilities furnished to the minister as part of compensation. The housing allowance paid to a minister includes an allowance for utilities paid to the minister as part of compensation to the extent it was used to furnish utilities in the home.
9. **Disability income** MAY BE exempt from tax pursuant to Internal Revenue Code §104.
10. **The first \$9,000 of U.S. Military Compensation** is exempt from tax.
11. **If you received income from an employer sponsored retirement plan, including disability retirement, that is not exempt under IRC §104, the first \$6,000 is exempt from tax. For tax years 2003 and later,** if you contributed after-tax dollars to your plan, you are allowed to recover your cost (investment) in your retirement plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §72. Then the first \$6,000 of the balance is exempt from tax. (If you received income from military retirement, you may adjust your figures if the payment included Survivor's Benefit Payments. The amount of adjustment must be listed on the income statement, and supporting documentation must be submitted with the return.)
12. **If you received a traditional IRA distribution after reaching the age of fifty-nine and one-half (59 1/2), the first \$6,000 is exempt from tax.** Your traditional IRA distribution may be adjusted for nondeductible IRA contributions, if any, by completing **Federal Form 8606** and attaching it to your Arkansas return. Premature distributions made on account of the participant's death or disability also qualify for the exemption. **All other premature distributions or early withdrawals including, but not limited to, those taken for medical expenses, higher education expenses or a first-time home purchase do not qualify for the exemption.**

*A surviving spouse qualifies for the exemption; however he/she is limited to a single \$6,000 exemption.*

**NOTE: The total exemptions from all plans described under 11 and 12 cannot exceed \$6,000 per taxpayer, not including recovery of cost.**

## FILING AN AMENDED RETURN

**If filing an amended return, check the box at the top right corner of Form AR1000F/ AR1000NR/ AR1000S. Complete the return using the following instructions, replacing the incorrect entries from your original return with the corrected entries. Attach an explanation and supporting documentation for items changed. (Do not file an amended return until after your original return has been processed.)**

### Amended return needed:

- to make changes or adjustments to your original return
- if the IRS examines your federal return for any tax year and changes your net taxable income (required to file an Arkansas amended return **within 90 days of notification**)

### Amended return not needed:

- **to correct an address** (You must provide a completed Individual Income Tax Account Change Form located on Page 8.)
- **to correct a Social Security Number** (Call (501) 682-1100 or write to Individual Income Tax Section, P.O. Box 3628, Little Rock, AR 72203. You may be asked to provide documentation.)
- if you are notified by the Income Tax Section that there is an error on your original return
- if filing a federal amended return with no impact on your Arkansas income tax return

## FILING STATUS

### DETERMINE YOUR FILING STATUS

#### BOX 1. Filing Status 1 (Single)

Check this box if you are SINGLE or UNMARRIED and DO NOT qualify as HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. (Read the instructions for BOX 3 to determine if you qualify for HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD.)

#### BOX 2. Filing Status 2 (Married Filing Joint)

Check this box if you were MARRIED and are filing jointly. IF YOU ARE FILING A JOINT RETURN, YOU MUST ADD BOTH SPOUSES' INCOME TOGETHER. Enter the total amount in column A on Lines 8 through 20 under "Your/Joint Income".

### MARRIED COUPLES—CHOOSING THE BEST FILING STATUS

If you and your spouse had separate incomes, you might save money by figuring your tax separately using one of the following two methods. Use the method that suits you best.

**METHOD A.** List your income separately under Column A ("Your Income"). List your spouse's income separately under Column B ("Spouse's Income"). Figure your tax separately and then add your taxes together. See instructions for Married Filing Separately on the Same Return, Box 4.

If you use Method A, your result will be either a COMBINED REFUND or a COMBINED TAX DUE.

**METHOD B.** File separate individual tax returns. See instructions for Married Filing Separately on Different Returns, Box 5.

If you use Method B, one of you may owe tax and the other may get a refund. The tax due must be paid with the proper tax return and the refund will be due on the other return. YOU MAY NOT OFFSET ONE AGAINST THE OTHER.

### BOX 3. Filing Status 3 (Head of Household)

To file as Head of Household you must have been unmarried or legally separated on December 31, 2012 and meet either 1 or 2 below. The term "Unmarried" includes certain married persons who lived apart, as discussed at the end of this section.

1. You paid over half the cost of keeping a home for the entire year that was the main home of your parent whom you can claim as a dependent. Your parent did not have to live with you in your home.

### OR

2. You paid over half the cost of keeping a home in which you lived, **and** in which one of the following also lived, for more than six (6) months of the year (temporary absences, such as vacation or school, are counted as time lived in the home):

- a. Your unmarried child, grandchild, great-grandchild, adopted child or stepchild. This child did not have to be your dependent, but your foster child must have been your dependent.
- b. Your married child, grandchild, adopted child or stepchild. This child must have been your dependent.
- c. Any other person whom you could claim as a dependent.

### MARRIED PERSONS WHO LIVED APART

Even if you were not divorced or legally separated in 2012, you may be considered unmarried and file as Head of Household. See Internal Revenue Service instructions for Head of Household to determine if you qualify.



**BOX 4. Filing Status 4 (Married Filing Separately on the Same Return)**

Check this box if you were married and are filing SEPARATELY ON THE SAME TAX RETURN. This method of tax computation may reduce your tax liability if both spouses had income. The result will be either a combined refund or a combined tax due.

IF ONE SPOUSE HAD A TOTAL NEGATIVE INCOME, YOU MUST FILE MARRIED FILING JOINTLY. \_\_\_\_\_

**BOX 5. Filing Status 5 (Married Filing Separately on Different Returns)**

Check this box if you were married and are filing separate tax returns. \_\_\_\_\_

**BOX 6. Filing Status 6 [Qualifying Widow(er)]**

Check this box if you are a QUALIFYING WIDOW(ER). \_\_\_\_\_

You are eligible to file as a QUALIFYING WIDOW(ER) if your spouse died in 2010 or 2011 and you meet each of the following tests:

1. You were entitled to file MARRIED FILING JOINTLY or MARRIED FILING SEPARATELY ON THE SAME RETURN with your spouse for the year your spouse died. It does not matter whether you actually filed a joint return.
2. You did not remarry before the end of 2012.
3. You had a child, stepchild, adopted child, or foster child who qualified as your dependent for the year.
4. You paid more than half the cost of keeping a home, which was the main home of that child for the entire year except for temporary absences. \_\_\_\_\_

**DEATH OF TAXPAYER**

An Arkansas tax return should be filed for a taxpayer who died during the tax year as if the taxpayer had lived the entire year. The word "DECEASED" should appear after his/her name along with the date of death.

**NOTE:** Any refund check issued to a deceased taxpayer will be made out to the estate of the deceased taxpayer, i.e. "Estate of John/Jane Doe". To cash the check, the bank may require documentation such as death certificate, will, or power of attorney. \_\_\_\_\_

**PERSONAL TAX CREDITS**

**LINE 7A.** Each taxpayer and spouse is entitled to one personal tax credit. You can claim additional personal tax credits if you can answer "Yes" to any of these questions:

- Is your filing status **Head of Household** or **Qualifying Widow(er)**?
- On January 1, 2013, were you age **65 or over**?
- On December 31, 2012, were you **deaf**?
- On December 31, 2012, were you **blind**?

Check the box or boxes that apply to you and/or your spouse. You CANNOT claim any of these credits for your children or dependents.

**Blindness** is defined as being unable to tell light from darkness, having eyesight in the better eye not exceeding 20/200 with corrective lens, or having a field of vision limited to an angle of 20 degrees.

You can claim the **Deaf** Credit only if the average loss in speech frequencies (500 to 2000 Hertz) in the better ear is 86 decibels, I.S.O., or worse.

Any taxpayer **age 65 and over** not claiming a retirement income exemption on Line 17 is eligible for an additional **\$23** (per taxpayer) tax credit. Check the box(es) marked "65 Special".

Add the number of boxes you checked on Line 7A. Write the total in the box provided. Multiply the number by **\$23** and write amount in space provided. \_\_\_\_\_

**LINE 7B.** List the name(s) of your dependent(s), Social Security Numbers, and relationship to you in the space provided. DO NOT INCLUDE YOURSELF AND/OR YOUR SPOUSE. The individual(s) you can claim as dependent(s) are described on Page 9. (Attach schedule if more than 5 dependents.)

Add the number of dependents listed on Line 7B. Write the total in the box provided. Multiply the number by **\$23** and write that amount in the space provided. \_\_\_\_\_

**LINE 7C.** If one or more of your dependents had developmental disabilities, enter his/her name(s) on the line. Multiply \$500 by number of dependents with developmental disabilities. Enter the total.

**NOTE:** You must attach a certified **AR1000RC5** to your return if this is the first year you claim the Credit for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities.

A certified AR1000RC5 must be filed with your tax return every five (**5**) years. If credit was received on a prior year's return, do not file another AR1000RC5 until the Individual Income Tax Section notifies you. \_\_\_\_\_

**LINE 7D.** Total the tax credits from Lines 7A, 7B, and 7C. Enter the total on this line and on Line 32. \_\_\_\_\_

**INCOME**

**FULL YEAR RESIDENTS**

If your filing status is Married Filing Separately on the Same Return, both Column A and Column B must be used. Write your income in Column A and your spouse's income in Column B. For all other filing statuses, write all income in Column A only.

**PART YEAR AND NONRESIDENTS**

Complete Column A and Column B of the AR1000NR as if you were a full year resident. List all of your income from all sources for the entire year in these two columns.

List in Column C the total combined income (for both spouses) earned while Arkansas residents and income derived from Arkansas sources.

The total tax must be computed on the income totals in Columns A and B. After all allowable tax credits have been subtracted from the total tax, prorate the remaining balance. See instructions for Lines 36A, 36B, 36C, and 36D on Page 16.

**PART YEAR RESIDENTS AND NONRESIDENTS MUST ATTACH A COPY OF YOUR FEDERAL RETURN, OR YOUR ARKANSAS RETURN WILL NOT BE PROCESSED.**

**Round all amounts to the nearest dollar.** (For example, if your Form W-2 shows \$10,897.50, round to \$10,898. If your Form W-2 shows \$10,897.49, round to \$10,897.)

**Staple the state copy of each of your W-2(s) and 1099-R(s) to the left margin of the front of the return.** \_\_\_\_\_

**LINE 8.** Add the wages, salaries, tips, etc. reported on your W-2(s). Enter the total on this line. **Attach W-2(s).**

**Enter U.S. Military Compensation on Line 9A or 9B.**

**Ministers Income:**

If you were a duly ordained or licensed minister, you received a housing allowance from your church, and you do not file a federal Schedule C or C-EZ, enter your gross compensation from the ministry less rental value of your home. The balance is subject to tax. **The rental value of your home must be shown on Form AR4, Part III. Attach AR4 and W-2(s).** \_\_\_\_\_

**LINE 9A.** If you had **U.S. Military Compensation**, enter gross income in space provided. You are **entitled to a \$9,000 exemption** from your gross income. The balance is taxable. **Attach W-2(s).**

**Filing Status 2 (Married Filing Joint):** If you and your spouse both had U.S. Military Compensation, enter your total gross income in the appropriate space provided on Line 9A. You and your spouse are each entitled to an exemption from your respective gross incomes.

**Enter U.S. Military Retirement on Line 17A.**

**LINE 9B. (Filing Status 4 Only)** If your spouse had **U.S. Military Compensation**, enter gross income in the space provided. Your spouse is **entitled to a \$9,000 exemption** from his/her gross income. The balance is taxable. **Attach W-2(s).**

**Enter U.S. Military Retirement on Line 17B.**

**HOME OF RECORD OTHER THAN ARKANSAS:** If your Home of Record is not Arkansas, do not report to Arkansas your income or your nonresident spouse's income.

Your spouse's income is exempt from Arkansas tax if your Home of Record is not Arkansas and your spouse's domicile is the same as your Home of Record. Write the words "military spouse" at top of tax return and attach a completed Form AR-MS (available at [www.arkansas.gov/incometax](http://www.arkansas.gov/incometax)) and a copy of service member's LES to verify Home of Record.

(For future tax purposes, your nonmilitary spouse must submit a new payroll withholding form, ARW-4MS to his/her employer each year to exempt future withholding.)

**LINE 10.** If you received interest from bank deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds, savings and loan association deposits, and credit union deposits, enter all interest received or credited to your account during the year. **If the total is over \$1,500, complete and attach Form AR4.**

**LINE 11.** If you received dividends and other distributions, enter amounts received as dividends from stocks in any corporation. **If the total is over \$1,500, complete and attach Form AR4.**

**LINE 12.** Enter alimony or separate maintenance received as the result of a court order.

**LINE 13.** If you had business or professional income and filed a **federal Schedule C or C-EZ**, enter the total dollar amount(s) of net income (or loss) from your federal Schedule C or C-EZ. If you did not file a federal Schedule C or C-EZ, submit a similar schedule and enter the net income (or loss). **If you filed a federal Schedule C or C-EZ, attach it to your return.**

**Business income may not be split between you and your spouse unless a partnership was legally established.** Report partnership income on Form AR1050 and attach K-1(s) for each partner.

**Include on Line 20, Other Income, any federal/state depreciation differences.**

**LINE 14.** If you had gains or losses from the sale of real estate, stocks or bonds, or gains or losses from capital assets from partnerships, S corporations, or fiduciaries, enter your taxable share. **Adjust the amount of gain or loss for any federal/state depreciation differences.**

If, after the netting process, you had a capital gain or loss reported on **federal Schedule D** or on Form 1040/1040A, use Arkansas Form **AR100D** to determine the taxable amount to enter. **Attach federal Schedule D and Form AR100D to your return.**

**The amount of capital loss that can be deducted after offsetting capital gains is limited to \$3,000 (\$1,500 per taxpayer for filing Status 4 or 5).** If your capital loss was more than the yearly limit on capital loss deductions, you can carry over the unused part to later years until used up.

The gain on the sale of your personal residence is exempt up to \$250,000 per taxpayer (\$500,000 for married couples filing on the same return). The property must, during the 5 year period ending on the day of sale, be owned and used by the taxpayer(s) as the principal residence for periods aggregating 2 years or more.

**LINE 15.** Enter the ordinary gain or (loss) from Part II of federal Form 4797. **Adjust for any differences in Arkansas and federal depreciation.** The capital loss limit does not apply. **Attach federal Form 4797 and/or 4684 if applicable.**

**LINE 16.** Use this line to report taxable lump-sum distributions, annuities, and traditional IRA distributions. Include early withdrawal of traditional IRA distributions on this line. List only the amount of withdrawal and attach the federal Form 5329 showing the tax on premature distribution. Also, enter ten percent (**10%**) of the tax from the federal Form 5329, Part I and Part II, on Line 30. If you received a distribution which does not qualify for the Lump-Sum Distribution Averaging Schedule (AR1000TD), list the total distribution received in 2012. (See AR1000TD to determine if you qualify to use the averaging method.) **Attach 1099-R(s).**

Premature distributions are amounts you withdrew from your traditional IRA, deferred compensation, or thrift savings plans before you were either age 59 ½ or disabled. Rollovers of premature distributions are tax exempt.

**McFadden and Maples Claimants:** If you received a 1099-R and a claim was filed on your behalf under *McFadden v. Weiss* or *Maples v. Weiss* your Arkansas basis (cost of contributions) may have been fully recovered for tax purposes. If your basis has been fully recovered, enter the amount from Box 1 of your 1099-R as the "Gross" and "Taxable Amount" on Line 17A or B.

**LINE 17A.** If you had income from an employment-related pension plan or a qualified traditional IRA distribution, enter the gross amount(s) from Box 1 of your 1099-R(s) in the space provided. Enter the federal taxable amount from Box 2a of your 1099-R(s) in the space provided. If Box 2a is blank, use the Simplified Method Worksheet in the federal 1040 Instruction Booklet to calculate the taxable amount of your distribution. You are entitled to a **\$6,000 exemption** from the taxable amount; the balance is taxable to Arkansas. Enter the balance on Line 17A, Column A. **Attach 1099-R(s).**

**FILING STATUS 2 (Married Filing Joint) ONLY:** If you and your spouse both had income from a retirement plan and/or qualified traditional IRA distribution, enter the combined gross income amount from Box 1 of your 1099-R(s). Enter the combined federal taxable amount from Box 2a of your 1099-R(s). If Box 2a is blank, use the Simplified Method Worksheet in the federal 1040 Instruction Booklet to calculate the taxable amount of your distribution. Both you and your spouse are entitled to a **\$6,000 exemption** from your respective taxable retirement plan income; the balance is taxable to Arkansas. Enter the balance on Line 17A. **Attach 1099-R(s).**

**LINE 17B. FILING STATUS 4 (Married Filing Separately on the Same Return) ONLY:** If your spouse had income from an employment related pension plan or a qualified traditional IRA distribution, enter the gross income from Box 1 of his or her 1099-R(s). Enter the federal taxable amount from Box 2a of his or her 1099-R(s). If Box 2a is blank, use the Simplified Method Worksheet in the federal 1040 Instruction Booklet to calculate the taxable amount of his or her distribution. Your spouse is entitled to a **\$6,000 exemption** from the taxable amount; the balance is taxable to Arkansas. Enter the balance on Line 17B. **Attach 1099-R(s).**

You are eligible for the **\$6,000 exemption** for retirement or disability benefits provided the distribution was from public or private employment-related retirement systems, plans, or programs. **(The recipient need not be retired.)** The method of funding is irrelevant. The exemption may be taken from either lump-sum or installment payments. The early withdrawal penalty may be applicable even though the exemption is granted.

If you received a traditional IRA distribution after reaching the age of fifty-nine and one-half (59 1/2), the first **\$6,000** is exempt from tax. Premature distributions made on account of the participant's death or disability also qualify for the exemption. All other premature distributions or early withdrawals including, but not limited to, those taken for medical expenses, higher education expenses, or a first-time home purchase **do not** qualify for the exemption.

**Note:** If you made nondeductible contributions to your traditional IRA, enter taxable amount from federal Form 8606 in the space provided. **Attach federal Form 8606.**

**LINE 18.** If you had income from rents, royalties, estates or trusts, profits (whether received or not) from partnerships, fiduciaries, small business corporations, etc., enter the amounts as reported on your federal Schedule E. If you are filing a return for a taxable year that is not the same as the annual accounting period of your partnership or trust, report your distributive share(s) of net profits in the accounting period that ends in your taxable year. **Attach federal Schedule E.**

Nonresident beneficiaries pay tax only on Arkansas income.

**LINE 19.** If you had farm income, enter the amount reported on your federal Schedule F. **Farm income may not be split between you and your spouse unless a partnership was legally established.** Partnership income must be reported on Form AR1050, with K-1(s) for each partner. **Attach federal Schedule F.**

**LINE 20.** Enter **type** (reforestation adjustment, depreciation, NOLs, foreign earned income exclusion, or contest winnings) **and amount** of all taxable income for which no other place is provided on the return. (If necessary provide additional information on an attached statement.)

**Gambling winnings of any type should be entered here, with the following exception:** Gambling winnings from Arkansas electronic games of skill are **not** included as income and the 3% tax withheld is **excluded** from Line 37.

You must report reimbursement of medical expenses from a previous year if you itemized deductions in that year and it reduced your tax.

Include amounts recovered on bad debts that you deducted in an earlier year.

**Include any adjustment that arises from federal/state depreciation differences.**

If you had a **net operating loss (NOL)** in an earlier year to carry forward to 2012, enter it as a negative amount on this line. **Attach a statement showing how you calculated the amount of loss and the year the loss occurred.** A net operating loss may be carried forward for five (5) years. (NOL carrybacks not allowed.)

**Scholarships, fellowships, and stipends:**

A scholarship or fellowship is exempt from tax only if:

- 1) You were a **candidate for a degree** at an **educational institution, and**
- 2) The grant was a **qualified scholarship or fellowship.**

A qualified scholarship or fellowship is any amount you received as a scholarship or fellowship grant that was used under the terms of the grant for:

- 1) Tuition and fees required for enrollment, **or**
- 2) Fees, books, supplies and equipment required for the course(s) at the educational institution. (These items must have been required of all students in that course.)

**Foreign students** who are exempt from federal taxes because of a tax treaty must file and pay tax on all income including non-qualified scholarship or fellowship income.

**Stipends are taxable.**

**LINE 21.** Add Lines 8 through 20 and enter total in the appropriate columns on this line. This is your **Total Income.**

**LINE 22.** Enter the amounts from Line 21.

## ADJUSTMENTS

**LINE 23.** If you are claiming an adjustment from the list below, use Form AR1000ADJ and include the total on this line. **Attach Form AR1000ADJ.**

- Border city exemption
- Arkansas Tax Deferred Tuition Savings Program
- Payments to IRA
- Payments to MSA
- Payments to HSA
- Deduction for interest paid on student loans
- Contributions to Intergenerational Trust
- Moving expenses
- Self-employed health insurance deduction
- KEOGH, Self-employed SEP and Simple Plans
- Forfeited interest penalty for premature withdrawal
- Alimony/Separate Maintenance Paid
- Support for permanently disabled individual
- Organ Donor Deduction

**LINE 24.** Subtract the total on Line 23, from the total on Line 22, **Total Income.** Enter balance on this line. This is your **Adjusted Gross Income (AGI).**

## TAX COMPUTATION

**LINE 25.** SELECT THE PROPER TAX TABLE and check the appropriate box. You will be in one of the following categories:

- 1) You qualify for the Low Income Tax Table, **or**
- 2) You must use the Regular Tax Table

**See tax tables and qualifications for each table on pages 26-30.**

If you use an exclusion for military compensation, employer sponsored pension income, or a qualified traditional IRA distribution, you do not qualify for a Low Income Tax Table. You may elect NOT TO USE the exclusion(s) to which you are entitled and use a Low Income Tax Table if you fall within the income limits.

**Caution: If you qualify to use a Low Income Tax Table, enter zero (0) on Line 25, Column A. (The Standard Deduction is already built into the table.)**

If you use the regular tax table, enter the larger of your itemized deductions (from Form AR3) or your Standard Deduction on Line 25.

**Itemized Deductions:**

To compute your itemized deductions, complete Form AR3. Make sure that your total itemized deductions exceed the Standard Deduction. (For Form AR3 instructions see pages 18-19 of this booklet.)

**NOTE:** If you are filing Status 4 or 5 and one spouse itemizes, then both spouses must itemize

**Standard Deduction:**

The Standard Deduction for your filing status is the amount shown below. (If the amount on Line 24 is less than the Standard Deduction, enter the amount from Line 24 on Line 25.)

| Filing Status  | Standard Deduction |
|--|--------------------|
| <b>1</b> —Single   | \$2,000            |
| <b>2</b> —Married Filing Joint                           | \$4,000            |
| <b>3</b> —Head of Household                              | \$2,000            |
| <b>4</b> —Married Filing Separately on Same Return       | \$2,000 each       |
| <b>5</b> —Married Filing Separately on Different Returns | \$2,000            |
| <b>6</b> —Qualifying Widow(er)                           | \$2,000            |

**NOTE:** The \$2,000 Standard Deduction does not apply to taxpayer's dependent(s).

**LINE 26.** Subtract Line 25 from Line 24. This is your **Net Taxable Income.**

**LINE 27.** Using the appropriate tax table locate the tax for your income and enter here.

**LINE 28.** Add Lines 27(A) and 27(B) and enter the total.

**LINE 29.** If you received a lump-sum (total) distribution from a qualified retirement plan during 2012, you may be eligible to use the averaging method to figure some of your tax at a lower rate. Read the instructions on the back of Form AR1000TD to determine if you are eligible to use this method. If so, complete Form AR1000TD and enter amount here. **Attach Form AR1000TD.**



**LINE 30.** Taxpayers subject to traditional IRA or employer qualified retirement plan penalties and tax on their federal return are subject to penalties and tax on their state return. Enter ten percent (10%) of the federal penalty amount from Part I of federal Form 5329. Be sure to enter total distribution(s) from Part I, Form 5329, on Line 16 or 17 of Form AR1000F/AR1000NR.

If you are subject to a penalty on a distribution from a Coverdell Education Savings Account, include ten percent (10%) of the federal penalty amount from Part II of federal Form 5329 on this line. Be sure to include the taxable amount of the Coverdell Education Savings Account distribution on Line 20 of Form AR1000F/AR1000NR (Other Income).

**LINE 31.** Add Lines 28 through 30 and enter the total.

## TAX CREDITS

**LINE 32.** Enter the total personal tax credits from Line 7D.

**LINE 33.** The Child Care Credit allowed is twenty percent (20%) of the amount allowed on your federal return. **A copy of federal Form 2441, "Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses" must be attached to your Arkansas return. (If this credit is for Approved Early Childhood Credit, see instructions for Line 41.)**

**LINE 34.** Complete Form AR1000TC if you are eligible for any credit(s) listed below and include the total on this line. **Attach Form AR1000TC.**

State Political Contribution Credit  
Other State Tax Credit  
Credit for Adoption Expenses  
Phenylketonuria Disorder Credit  
Business Incentive Tax Credit(s)

**LINE 35.** Add Lines 32 through 34 and enter the total.

**LINE 36.** Subtract Line 35 from Line 31. This is your **Net Tax**. If Line 35 is greater than Line 31, enter zero (0).

## PRORATION

**IF FILING A FULL YEAR RESIDENT RETURN, go to instructions for Line 37. The instructions for Line 36A through Line 36D apply only to nonresidents and part year residents.**

**NONRESIDENTS AND PART YEAR RESIDENTS ONLY,** read the following instructions to determine your correct Arkansas tax liability. **Attach a complete copy of your federal return.**

**LINE 36A.** Enter adjusted gross income from Line 24, Column C.

**LINE 36B.** Enter total of Columns A and B from Line 24.

**LINE 36C.** Divide amount on Line 36A by amount on Line 36B to arrive at your Arkansas percentage of income. Enter percentage as a decimal rounded to six places.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Example: } & \$2,500/\$525,000 = 0.004762 \\ & \text{or} \\ & \$10,000/\$60,000 = 0.166667 \end{aligned}$$

**LINE 36D.** Multiply amount on Line 36 by decimal on Line 36C for Arkansas apportioned tax liability.

## PAYMENTS

**LINE 37.** Enter Arkansas tax withheld from your W-2(s)/1099-R(s). You have already paid this amount of tax during the year. If you have MORE THAN ONE W-2/1099-R, be sure to add the Arkansas Income Tax withheld from all W-2(s)/1099-R(s). Enter the total withheld.

IF YOU AND YOUR SPOUSE ARE FILING ON THE SAME RETURN, add the Arkansas state income tax withheld from all your W-2(s)/1099-R(s). Enter the combined total withheld.

**If you did not receive (or lost) your W-2(s) and Arkansas tax was withheld from your income, you should take the following steps IN THE ORDER LISTED BELOW:**

- 1) **Ask your employer** for copies of your W-2(s). If you cannot obtain them from your employer you should
- 2) **Contact the Social Security Administration** at (800) 772-1213. Only if you cannot obtain your W-2(s) from your employer or SSA you may
- 3) **Complete federal Form 4852** and attach a copy of your final pay stub to support your amounts.

**CAUTION:** You WILL NOT receive credit for tax withheld or receive a tax refund, unless you attach CORRECT AND LEGIBLE W-2(s) or other approved documentation to your tax return.

DO NOT include FICA, federal income tax, tax paid to another state or 3% tax withheld from winnings on electronic games of skill. **Gambling winnings from Arkansas electronic games of skill are not included as income and the 3% tax withheld is excluded from Line 37.**

**DO NOT correct a W-2 yourself.** Your employer must issue you a corrected W-2.

**LINE 38.** If you made an Estimated Declaration and paid estimated tax payments on 2012 income OTHER THAN wages, salaries, tips, etc., write the amounts paid in this space. The only amounts to enter here are payments you made on a 2012 Declaration of Estimated Income Tax (includes January 15, 2013 installment and/or credit brought forward from 2011 tax return).

DO NOT include PENALTIES OR INTEREST as part of the amount paid.

**If you and your spouse filed a JOINT declaration and you and your spouse choose to file your tax returns on separate forms this year, payments made under the joint declaration of estimate will be credited to the primary filer.**

**If you are filing prior year tax returns past the due date of the tax return, the refund/overpayment from those tax returns cannot be carried forward as estimated tax.**

**LINE 39.** If you filed an extension request with the state and paid tax with your request, enter the amount paid.

**LINE 40. PREVIOUS PAYMENTS:** This line is for amended returns only. Enter the total of any previous payment(s) made with your original return and/or billing notices and amended return(s).

**LINE 41.** Enter the **APPROVED** early childhood credit (20% of the federal child care credit) for individuals with a dependent child placed in an **APPROVED** child care facility while the parent or guardian worked or pursued employment. (Facility must be approved by the Arkansas Department of Education as having an appropriate early childhood program as defined by Arkansas law.) **Enter the certification number and attach federal Form 2441 and Certification Form AR1000EC. Contact your child care facility for Form AR1000EC.**

**LINE 42.** Add the amounts on Lines 37,38,39,40 and 41. This is your **TOTAL PAYMENTS.**

**LINE 43. PREVIOUS REFUND:** This line is for amended returns only. Enter the total of any previous refund(s) from your original return and amended return(s).

**LINE 44.** Subtract Line 43 from Line 42. This is your **ADJUSTED TOTAL PAYMENTS.**

## REFUND OR TAX DUE

**LINE 45.** If Line 44 is more than Line 36 on Form AR1000F or Line 36D on Form AR1000NR, you overpaid your tax. Write the difference on Line 45. If you want a refund only, skip Lines 46 and 47 and enter the amount of your refund on Line 48.

**LINE 46.** You can apply part or all of the tax you OVERPAID in 2012 to your tax in 2013. Enter the amount you would like to have carried forward. The overpayment will be applied directly to your 2013 estimated account. If you wish to apply only part of Line 45 to pay 2013 tax, you will be issued a refund for the balance of your overpayment.

**NOTE:** *The amount you carry over to pay 2013 taxes will only be credited to the primary filer. It cannot be divided between the primary filer and spouse.*

**LINE 47.** If you wish to contribute a portion or all of your overpayment to one or more of the programs listed below, complete Schedule AR1000-CO and enter total amount of your donation. **Attach Schedule AR1000-CO after Form AR1000F/AR1000NR.**

Area Agencies on Aging Program  
Arkansas Disaster Relief Program  
Arkansas Schools for the Blind and Deaf  
Arkansas Tax Deferred Tuition Savings Program  
Baby Sharon's Children's Catastrophic Illness Program  
Military Family Relief Program  
Newborn Umbilical Cord Blood Initiative  
Organ Donor Awareness Education Program  
U.S. Olympic Committee Program

**LINE 48.** Subtract Lines 46 and 47 from Line 45. This is the amount of your **REFUND**.

**The Director is allowed 90 days from the return due date or the date the return was filed, whichever occurs later, to refund an overpayment of tax without interest (Act 262 of 2005).**

## SET OFF REFUNDS

If you, your spouse, or former spouse owes a debt to one of the agencies below, all or part of your refund is subject to being withheld to satisfy the debt. You will receive a letter advising which agency has claimed your refund.

Any housing authority  
Arkansas circuit, county, district, or city courts  
AR colleges, universities, and technical institutes  
County tax collectors or treasurers  
Department of Finance and Administration  
Department of Health  
Department of Higher Education  
Department of Human Services  
Employee Benefits Division of DFA  
Internal Revenue Service  
Office of Child Support Enforcement  
Office of Personnel Management of DFA

**It is the agency's responsibility to refund any set off amount paid to the agency in error.**

**If you owe a debt for Arkansas income tax, your federal refund may be captured to satisfy your state income tax debt.**

### NOTICE TO MARRIED TAXPAYERS:

If only one of the married taxpayers owes the debt, the taxpayer who is not liable can avoid having his/her refund applied to the debt if both taxpayers file Status 5, Married Filing Separately on Different Returns.

**LINE 49.** If Line 36 of Form AR1000F or Line 36D of Form AR1000NR is more than Line 44, you owe additional tax. Subtract Line 44 from Line 36 of Form AR1000F or Line 36D of Form AR1000NR. Enter amount on Line 49. This is the **TAX YOU OWE**.

**NOTE:** **If your total tax liability (line 36) is \$1,000 or more, and you failed to make a declaration of Estimated Tax (Form AR1000ES, Voucher 1), or pay withholding equal to 90% of the total tax liability, a penalty of ten percent (10%) will be assessed.** See instructions for Lines 50A and 50B below for more information.

**LINE 50A and 50B.** Enter the exception number from Part 3 of the AR2210, or the computed penalty from Line 18 of AR2210 in the appropriate box. **If you completed AR2210A**, enter "6" in box 50A. Enter amount from Line 46 of AR2210A in box 50B. **Form AR2210 or AR2210A must be attached and the exception number entered** in box 50A to claim any exclusion from the Underestimate Penalty.

**LINE 50C.** Add Lines 49 and 50B. Enter total on this line.

**LINE 51.** Enter the total amount from Form AR4, Part III in the space provided.

**Your tax return will not be legal and cannot be processed unless you SIGN IT.**

Write in the DATE. If you and your spouse are filing a joint tax return or filing separately on the same return, both of you must sign it.

If someone else prepares your return, that person must sign and complete the Paid Preparer section. If you prepare your own return, **DO NOT** use this section.

## PAYMENT INFORMATION

Complete Form AR1000V (available at [www.arkansas.gov/incometax](http://www.arkansas.gov/incometax)) and attach a check or money order to your return. Write the tax year and your Social Security Number or account number on the check or money order, and make your check payable in U.S. Dollars to the Department of Finance and Administration. Mail on or before April 15, 2013. If the payment is for an amended return, mark the box yes on Form AR1000V for "Is Payment for an Amended Return".

Credit card payments may be made by calling **1-800-2PAY-TAX<sup>SM</sup>** (1-800-272-9829), or by visiting [www.officialpayments.com](http://www.officialpayments.com) and clicking on the "Payment Center" link.

Credit card payments will be processed by Official Payments Corporation, a private credit card payment services provider. A convenience fee will be charged to your credit card for the use of this service. **The State of Arkansas does not receive this fee.** You will be informed of the exact amount of the fee before you complete your transaction. After you complete your transaction you will be given a confirmation number to keep with your records.

**NOTE:** *Do not send currency or coin by mail.*



## PENALTIES & INTEREST

If you owe additional tax, you must mail your tax return by April 15, 2013. Any return not postmarked by April 15, 2013 (unless you have an extension) will be delinquent. A penalty of one percent (1%) per month for failure to pay and five percent (5%) per month for failure to file, up to a maximum of thirty-five percent (35%), will be assessed on the amount of tax due on an original return. Interest of ten percent (10%) per year will also be assessed on any additional tax due, calculated from the original due date to the date you paid the tax due on an original or amended return.

**An extension to file is not an extension to pay.** If you have not paid the amount due by the original due date you will be subject to a failure to pay penalty of one percent (1%) per month of the unpaid balance.

In addition to any other penalties assessed, a penalty of \$500 will be assessed, if any taxpayer files what purports to be a return, but the return does not contain information on which the correctness of the return may be judged, and such conduct is due to a position which is frivolous or an effort to delay or impede the administration of any State law.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS (FORM AR3)

## MEDICAL AND DENTAL EXPENSES

List only amounts you paid and for which you were not reimbursed.

**LINE 1.** Enter total medical and dental expenses, less reimbursements from insurance or other sources. See chart on Page 19 for examples of deductible and nondeductible expenses.

**LINE 2.** Enter total amount from Form AR1000F/AR1000NR, Lines 24A and 24B.

**LINE 3.** Multiply Line 2 by **7.5%** (.075).

**LINE 4.** Subtract Line 3 from Line 1.

## TAXES

**LINE 5.** You may deduct real estate taxes you paid on property you own that was not used for business. Do not include any special assessments or levy taxes.

Some taxes you **cannot** deduct are:

Arkansas income taxes  
Car tags  
Cigarette and beverage taxes  
Dog licenses  
Estate taxes  
Federal income taxes  
Federal Social Security taxes  
Hunting and fishing licenses  
Improvement taxes  
Sales taxes

**LINE 6.** You may deduct on this line:

City income taxes  
Mississippi gambling taxes  
Personal property taxes  
Taxes paid to a foreign country on income taxed on this return

**LINE 7.** Add the amounts on Lines 5 and 6.

## INTEREST EXPENSE

**LINE 8.** You may deduct the home mortgage interest paid to a bank or other financial institution.

The deduction is generally limited to interest attributable to a debt for not more than the cost of the principal, and/or second residence, plus improvements.

**LINE 9.** Deduct home mortgage interest paid to an individual on this line, and list that person's name and address.

**LINE 10.** Enter the amount of deductible points paid on this line. Deductible points are those that:

1. Are incurred in the purchase or improvement of the taxpayer's principal residence; **and**
2. Reflect an established business practice of charging points in the geographical area where the loan is made; **and**
3. Do not exceed the number of points generally charged for the type of transaction. (Points paid in refinancing a mortgage must be amortized over the life of the loan.)

**NOTE:** *In order to deduct the full amount of the points paid, payment of the points must be made from separate funds brought to the loan closing.*

**LINE 11.** Enter deductible investment interest. The deduction is limited to the amount of investment income. Interest that is disallowed because of the limitation can be carried forward to the next year and deducted to the extent of the limitation in the carryover year. **Attach federal Form 4952.**

**LINE 12.** Add Lines 8A, 8B, 9, 10, and 11.

## CONTRIBUTIONS

**LINE 13.** Enter the total contributions you made by cash or check. If you gave **\$3,000** or more to any one organization, list the donee and amount given. If you have non-cash contributions of **\$500** or more, **attach federal Form 8283.**

**LINE 14.** In addition to other contributions, a deduction is allowed for the donated value of artistic, literary, and musical creations **if the following qualifications are met:**

1. The taxpayer making the donation derived at least **fifty percent (50%)** of his/her current or prior year income from an art related profession;
2. The fair market value of the art work has been verified by an approved independent appraiser, and **a copy of the appraisal is attached;**
3. The artwork was donated to a museum, art gallery, or nonprofit charitable organization qualified under Internal Revenue Code § 501(C)(3) and located in the State of Arkansas; **and**
4. The deduction for donated art work does not exceed **fifteen percent (15%)** of the donor's gross income in the calendar year of donation.

**LINE 15.** List other deductible contributions:

1. Unreimbursed amounts spent to maintain an elementary or high school student (other than a dependent or relative) in a taxpayer's home under a program sponsored by a charitable organization.
2. A gift of property to a non-profit organization. Attach a description of the property, date of gift, and method of valuation. For each gift in excess of **\$500**, list any conditions attached to the gift, manner of acquisition, and cost or basis if owned by you for less than five (5) years.

**NOTE:** *Payments to private academies or other schools for the education of dependents are not deductible as contributions.*

**LINE 16.** If you made contributions in excess of **fifty percent (50%)** of your adjusted gross income, you may carry the excess deduction over for a period of five (5) years.

If you are deducting an excess contribution from a previous year, enter the amount and year of the original contribution.

**LINE 17.** Add lines 13, 14, 15, and 16.

## CASUALTY AND THEFT LOSSES

**LINE 18.** The method of computing casualty or theft losses is the same as the federal method with the **\$100** exclusion. The amount of each loss must exceed **ten percent (10%)** of your adjusted gross income. **Attach federal Form 4684 and provide necessary supporting documents.**

If you have a Disaster Loss in 2013 on property in a federal disaster area, you may elect to deduct the loss as an itemized deduction in 2012. If you elect to report the loss on your 2012 return, you cannot report the loss on your 2013 return.

A disaster loss is the only loss which may be carried back. You may amend your 2011 return to report a disaster loss incurred in 2012. If you elect to amend your 2011 return, you cannot report the loss on your 2012 return. If loss in federal disaster area, list location on Line 18.

**LINE 19.** Enter your Post-Secondary Education Tuition Deduction and **attach Form AR1075(s).**

## MISCELLANEOUS DEDUCTIONS SUBJECT TO THE 2% AGI LIMITATION

**LINE 20.** Enter unreimbursed employee business expenses. Arkansas recognizes the federal mileage allowance for computing business travel expenses. **Attach federal Form 2106.**

**LINE 21.** Other deductions include:

Union or professional dues  
Tax return preparation fees  
Expenses for safety equipment  
Expenses of entertaining customers  
Tools and supplies  
Fees paid to employment agencies

**Attach supporting schedule or statement.**

**LINE 22.** Add Lines 20 and 21.

**LINE 23.** Enter combined amount from Form AR1000F/AR1000NR, Lines 24A and 24B.

**LINE 24.** Multiply Line 23 by **2%** (.02).

**LINE 25.** Subtract Line 24 from Line 22. This is your total allowable miscellaneous deductions.

## OTHER MISCELLANEOUS DEDUCTIONS

**LINE 26.** Enter your miscellaneous deductions not subject to the 2% AGI limit. **Attach detailed schedule of each deduction.**

**LINE 27.** Add Lines 4,7,12,17,18,19, 25 and 26.

## PRORATED ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

**LINE 28.** If you are married filing separately, Status 4 or 5, you must prorate your itemized deductions between spouses. Enter your AGI from Line 24, Column A and your spouse's AGI from Line 24, Column B of Form AR1000F/AR1000NR.

**LINE 29.** Add Lines 28A and 28B.

**LINE 30.** Divide Line 28A by Line 29 and enter the percentage here. **Round to the nearest whole percent.**

**LINE 31.** Multiply the total itemized deductions reported on Line 27 by your percentage on Line 30. Enter result here and on Form AR1000F/AR1000NR, Line 25, Column A.

**LINE 32.** Subtract Line 31 from Line 27. Enter result here and on Form AR1000F/AR1000NR, Line 25, Column B. If you and your spouse are using Filing Status 5, this is the amount of the total itemized deductions your spouse is allowed to claim on his/her tax return.

## Deductible vs. Non-deductible Medical Expenses

The chart below lists specific types of expenses and whether or not a deduction for the expense is permitted.

### **Deductible**

Alcoholism, treatment of  
Ambulance hire  
Attendant to accompany blind or deaf student  
Chiropractor  
Contact lenses  
Contraceptives, prescription  
Dental fees  
Drug addiction, recovery from  
Drugs, prescription  
Eye examinations and glasses  
Hearing aids  
Insulin  
Laser eye surgery  
Long-term care expenses  
Orthopedic shoes  
Psychiatric care  
Psychologist  
Smoking, program to stop  
Wheelchair  
X-rays

### **Non-deductible**

Anticipated medical expenses  
Baby-sitting expenses to enable parent to see doctor  
Cosmetic surgery, unnecessary  
Diaper Service  
Ear piercing  
Electrolysis  
Funeral expenses  
Gravestone  
Hair transplants, surgical  
Health club dues  
Hygienic supplies  
Insurance premiums-loss of income  
Insurance premiums-loss of limb  
Marriage counseling  
Maternity clothes  
Spiritual guidance  
Tattoos  
Teeth, whitening  
Toilet articles  
Trips, general health improvement





## STATE OF ARKANSAS **REQUEST FOR COPIES OF ARKANSAS TAX RETURNS**

**Mail To:**

State of Arkansas  
Individual Income Tax  
P.O. Box 3628  
Little Rock, AR 72203-3628

**Or Bring To:**

Joel Y. Ledbetter Building  
Room 2300  
7th & Wolfe St.  
Little Rock, AR 72201  
(501) 682-1100 or  
(800) 882-9275

|                              |  |                         |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| <b>PRINT<br/>OR<br/>TYPE</b> | Primary Name On Return                       | SSN, FEIN, or ID Number |
|                              | Secondary Name On Return (If Applicable)     | SSN or ID Number        |
|                              | Current Mailing Address (City, State, & Zip) | Daytime Phone Number    |
|                              | Tax Year for Return(s) Requested             |                         |

**NOTE** - You may be able to get your tax return or return information from other sources. If you had your tax return completed by a paid preparer, he/she should be able to provide you a copy of the return.

### INSTRUCTIONS

1. Print or type your name, mailing information, SSN, FEIN (if applicable), Account ID, spouse's information (if applicable), and the tax year(s) you are requesting.
2. Copies are **\$2.00 per return**. Attach a check or money order. **DO NOT SEND CASH.**
3. Enclose this form with your payment in an envelope and return to the mailing address or deliver to the physical address at the top of this form. In order to process your request, signatures are required below. For entities other than individuals, you must attach an authorization document.

**Signature of taxpayer(s).** I declare that I am either the taxpayer whose name is shown above, or a person authorized to obtain the tax return(s) requested. If the request applies to a joint return, either husband or wife must sign. If signed by a corporate officer, partner, guardian, tax matters partner, executor, receiver, administrator, trustee, or party other than the taxpayer, I certify that I have the authority to execute Form AR4506 on behalf of the taxpayer.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Primary Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Secondary Signature (If Applicable)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title (if primary name is a partnership or trust)

**CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE**

## STUDENT LOAN INTEREST WORKSHEET

1. Enter the total interest you paid in 2012 on qualified student loans ..... 1 \_\_\_\_\_
  2. Enter the smaller of Line 1 above or \$2,500..... 2 \_\_\_\_\_
  3. Enter the amount(s) from Form AR1000F/AR1000NR, Line(s) 22A and 22B..... 3 \_\_\_\_\_
  4. Enter total adjustments not including the deduction for interest paid on student loans, Line 6, AR1000ADJ ..... 4 \_\_\_\_\_
  5. Modified AGI. Subtract Line 4 from Line 3 ..... 5 \_\_\_\_\_
- Note:** If line 5 is \$75,000 or more and you are filing Status 1, 3, or 6 **or** \$155,000 or more and you are filing Status 2 or 4, **STOP HERE**, you **cannot** take the deduction.
6. Enter: \$60,000 if filing Status 1, 3, or 6; \$125,000 if filing Status 2 or 4 ..... 6 \_\_\_\_\_
  7. Subtract Line 6 from Line 5.  
**If zero or less**, enter -0- here and on Line 9, skip Line 8, and go to Line 10 ..... 7 \_\_\_\_\_
  8. Divide Line 7 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if filing status 2 or 4.)  
Enter result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places) ..... 8 \_\_\_\_\_
  9. Multiply Line 2 by Line 8 ..... 9 \_\_\_\_\_
  10. Allowable Deduction: Subtract Line 9 from Line 2.  
Enter result here and on Form AR1000ADJ, Line 6 ..... 10 \_\_\_\_\_

### FILING STATUS 4 ONLY

- |  | <b>Yours</b> | <b>Spouse</b> |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| 11. Enter the total interest for each spouse up to the combined amount on Line 1 ..... 11A _____               | 11A _____    | 11B _____     |
| 12. Total amount paid from Line 1 ..... 12 _____   | 12 _____     |               |
| 13. Divide Line 11A by Line 12<br>Enter result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places) ..... 13 _____  | 13 _____     |               |
| 14. Multiply Line 10 by the amount on Line 13.<br>Enter here and on AR1000ADJ, Line 6, Column A ..... 14 _____ | 14 _____     |               |
| 15. Subtract Line 14 from Line 10. Enter here and on AR1000ADJ, Line 6, Column B..... 15 _____                 | 15 _____     |               |

## IRA PHASE OUT CHART

| IF YOUR FILING STATUS IS:  | YOUR ALLOWABLE TRADITIONAL IRA DEDUCTION |                                    |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
|  | Phases Out When Arkansas AGI Exceeds:    | Will Be Zero When Arkansas AGI Is: |
| Single,<br>Head of Household   | \$58,000                                 | \$68,000                           |
| Married Filing on Same Return (Status 2 or 4), or Qualifying Widow(er) | \$92,000                                 | \$112,000                          |
| Married Filing on Separate Returns                                     | \$0                                      | \$10,000                           |
| Nonactive Spouse<br>(Income Computed Jointly)                          | \$173,000                                | \$183,000                          |

**If your Arkansas AGI is within one of the above phaseout ranges, see IRS Publication 590 to figure your allowable IRA deduction.**

## SELF-EMPLOYED HEALTH INSURANCE DEDUCTION WORKSHEET

1. Enter the amount you paid in 2012 for health insurance for you, your spouse, and your dependents. .... 1 \_\_\_\_\_
2. Enter your net profit and any other earned income\* from the business under which the insurance plan was established, less any deductions on **Form AR1000ADJ, Line 10**..... 2 \_\_\_\_\_
3. Enter the smaller of Line 1 or Line 2 here and on **Form AR1000ADJ, Line 9**.  
(Do not include this amount in figuring your medical expense deduction on the Itemized Deduction Schedule.) ... 3 \_\_\_\_\_

*\*Earned income includes net earnings and gains from the sale, transfer, or licensing of property you created. It does not include capital gain income. If you were more than a 2% shareholder in an S corporation, earned income is your wages from that corporation.*

## MILEAGE AND DEPLETION ALLOWANCES



### Mileage Allowance

|                           |                        |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Business.....             | 55.5 cents/mile        |
| Charitable.....           | 14 cents/mile          |
| Medical/Moving .....      | 23 cents/mile          |
| Mail Carrier (rural)..... | Reimbursement received |



### Depletion Allowance

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Depletion (gas and oil) ..... | Same as federal<br>(15% for most gas and oil production) |
|-------------------------------|--|

## DEPRECIATION INFORMATION

### Section 179 Facts

Arkansas adopted IRC §179 as in effect on January 1, 2009, allowing greater dollar limits and phase out thresholds.

- Deduction Limit – \$25,000
- Cost of qualifying property limit – \$200,000
- No deduction allowed above \$225,000
- More than one property placed in service – limit \$25,000 deduction per taxpayer per year
- Any cost not deducted in one year may be carried forward to next year
- Deduction may not be used to reduce taxable income below zero

**Note: Arkansas has not yet adopted the most recent federal changes.**



## HOW TO FILL OUT YOUR CHECK

Make your check payable to "Dept. of Finance and Administration".

Date and mail payment on or before April 15th, 2013.

Elizabeth Taxpayer  
111 Stonebrook Rd  
Autumn, AR 11122  
Phone (501) 555-1552

0201  
Date **April 15, 2013**

PAY TO THE  
ORDER OF: **Dept. of Finance and Administration** **\$ 125.00**

*One hundred twenty five and no/100* DOLLARS

**Tax year 2012**  
MEMO: **12345678-IIT**

*Elizabeth Taxpayer*

Make sure both amounts match

Don't forget to sign your check!

Include your Account ID or Social Security Number and the tax year on the memo line.

## PRESERVATION OF TAX RECORDS

A taxpayer who files an Arkansas income tax return is required to retain records to prove the accuracy of that return. The records must be retained for at least six (6) years (unless otherwise provided by law) and are subject to examination by the Director at any reasonable time during that period.

When a taxpayer fails to preserve and maintain the required records, the director may make an estimated assessment based upon any available information as to the amount of tax due by the taxpayer. Per ACA 26-18-506, the burden of proof of refuting this estimated assessment is upon the taxpayer.

## IF THE IRS AUDITS YOU

If the Internal Revenue Service examines your return for any tax year and changes your net taxable income, you must report the changes to the Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration within **ninety (90) days** from the receipt of the notice and demand for payment from the Internal Revenue Service.

File Arkansas Form AR1000F/AR1000NR Amended Individual Income Tax Return (or Form AR1000A/AR1000ANR for tax years 2009 and prior), reporting the changes to your state return for the year(s) in question. **Attach a copy of the federal changes.**

If you fail to notify this Department within ninety (90) days and do not file the required amended return, the statute of limitations will remain open for eight (8) years on the year(s) in question. Additional interest will be calculated on any tax you owe the State of Arkansas.

## INFORMATION EXCHANGE PROGRAMS WITH THE IRS

Under authorization of Internal Revenue Code Section 6103(D) the State of Arkansas participates in several information exchange programs with the Internal Revenue Service:

- **CP2000:**

The IRS matches income reported on a taxpayer's federal income tax return with documents (W-2s, 1099s, etc.) provided to the IRS by the payer to determine whether income was omitted from the taxpayer's return. If unreported income is discovered, the IRS assesses additional federal tax on the omitted income then notifies the State of Arkansas. The taxpayer's state tax return is then reviewed for unreported income. (Some examples of commonly omitted income include wages, pensions, and cancellation of debt.)

- **Revenue Agent Reports "RARs":**

When the IRS adjusts a taxpayer's federal income tax return as the result of an audit, details are provided to the State of Arkansas. The taxpayer's state tax return is then reviewed and adjusted if appropriate. (Some examples of RAR adjustments include disallowance of deductions, expenses, or dependents and assessment of early withdrawal penalties.)

- **Non-filer Identification:**

The IRS provides the Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration with a list of taxpayers who filed federal returns using Arkansas addresses. This information is then compared with Arkansas income tax records to identify individuals who filed federal returns using Arkansas addresses but did not file Arkansas returns. Letters are sent inquiring whether the taxpayer is required to file. The taxpayer should file the return in question or provide documentation why he/she is not required to file. If a sufficient response is not received, state tax is assessed using amounts reported on the taxpayer's federal return, and the taxpayer is mailed a Notice of Tax Adjustment.

# TAXPAYER BILL OF RIGHTS

You have the right to a full explanation of all actions by any agent of the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration both during an audit and during collection activities.

- All tax information contained in the records and files of the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration (hereinafter "Director") pertaining to you or your business is confidential.
- You may represent yourself in any proceeding or interview before the Director or you may be represented by anyone whom you authorize in writing to be your representative.
- You have the right to consult with a lawyer, accountant, or other representative at any time during an interview with an agent of the Director. The Director shall terminate the interview to allow you to consult with your representative.
- You may record any interview with the Director or his agent at your own expense. You should let the Director or his agent know in advance of your intention to record the interview. The Director may likewise record an interview, and a copy may be obtained within a reasonable time at your expense.
- You may request an administrative review of any proposed assessment of tax. You must request this review within 60 days of your receipt of a proposed assessment. The administrative review may be based on an in-person hearing, a telephone hearing, or consideration of written documents. If you do not request an administrative hearing, you may still pursue your judicial remedies by filing an action in the circuit court.
- If you receive an unfavorable decision from your administrative review, then you may request a review of the decision by the Director. This review should be requested within 20 days of your receipt of the administrative decision. If you receive an unfavorable decision from the Director on any issue, you may pursue judicial remedies as discussed below.
- After the issuance of the final assessment and demand for payment, you may appeal the tax assessment to circuit court, regardless of whether you protested the assessment and requested an administrative review. To pursue your appeal of a tax assessment to circuit court you must either:
  - (a) pay the entire amount of tax due for any taxable period(s) covered by the final assessment within one year of the date of the final assessment or
  - (b) file a bond for double the amount of the tax deficiency within 30 days of the issuance of the final assessment. You must file your lawsuit within one year from the date of paying or within 30 days of filing a bond. Within 30 days of the final assessment, the Revenue Division may proceed with collection activities, including the filing of a lien, for any tax, penalty, or interest that is unpaid or not covered by a bond.
- A taxpayer may file an amended return or a verified claim for credit or refund of an overpayment of any state tax within three years from the date the return was filed or two years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. Any amended return or claim for refund should be filed with the office of the Revenue Division which administers the type of tax in question.
- If the Director disallows the refund claim either in whole or in part, the Director will issue a Notice of Claim Denial. You may request an administrative review of the Notice of Claim Denial. This request must be made within 60 days of your receipt of the proposed notice. If you receive an unfavorable decision from your administrative review, you may request a review of the decision by the Director. This request must be made within 20 days of your receipt of the administrative decision.
- Following an administrative hearing and corresponding review, the taxpayer may seek judicial relief from the Notice of Claim Denial by appealing the decision to circuit court. Judicial review is available whether or not you requested an administrative review. To pursue your appeal to circuit court, you must file suit within one year of the date of the mailing of the notice of denial of refund claim, the final determination of the hearing officer, or revision decision of the Director, whichever is later. If the Director fails to issue a written decision in response to the refund claim within six months of the date a claim for refund is filed, the taxpayer may then file suit to recover the amount claimed.
- Any taxpayer who wishes to file a complaint regarding any activity concerning the administration or collection of any state tax by the Revenue Division should make the complaint in writing to:

Assistant Commissioner for Policy and Legal  
PO Box 1272, Room 2440, Ledbetter Building  
Little Rock, Arkansas 72203-1272
- In administering the state tax laws, the Director is authorized by law to make an examination or investigation of the business, books, and records of the taxpayer. If the Director determines that an additional amount of tax is due, then a proposed assessment shall be issued to the taxpayer. The taxpayer may seek relief from the proposed assessment as outlined above. If the taxpayer fails to preserve and maintain records suitable to determine the amount of tax due or to prove accuracy of any return, the Director may make an estimated assessment based upon the best information available as to the amount of tax due by the taxpayer.
- The Director may issue a jeopardy assessment against any taxpayer (1) whose tax liability exceeds any bond on file indemnifying the state for the payment of a state tax, (2) who intends to leave the state, remove his property, or conceal himself or his property, (3) who intends to discontinue his business without making adequate provisions for payment of state taxes or, (4) who does any other act tending to prejudice or jeopardize the Director's ability to compute, assess, or collect any state tax. Any taxpayer seeking relief from a jeopardy assessment must request an administrative hearing within five days from the receipt of the notice of jeopardy assessment.
- When collecting any state tax due from a taxpayer, the Director is authorized to file a Certificate of Indebtedness (state tax lien) with the circuit clerk of any county of this state certifying that the person named therein is indebted to the state for the amount of tax due as established by the Director. The Certificate of Indebtedness shall have the same force and effect as the entry of a judgment rendered by a circuit court and shall constitute a lien upon the title of any real and personal property of the taxpayer in the county where the Certificate of Indebtedness is recorded.
- After the filing of the Certificate of Indebtedness, the Director may take all steps authorized by law for the collection of the tax, including the issuance of a writ of execution, garnishment, and cancellation of any state tax permits or registrations.

Any court costs or sheriff's fees which result from the Director's attempt to collect delinquent taxes shall be collected from the taxpayer in addition to the tax, interest, and penalties included in the certificate of indebtedness.